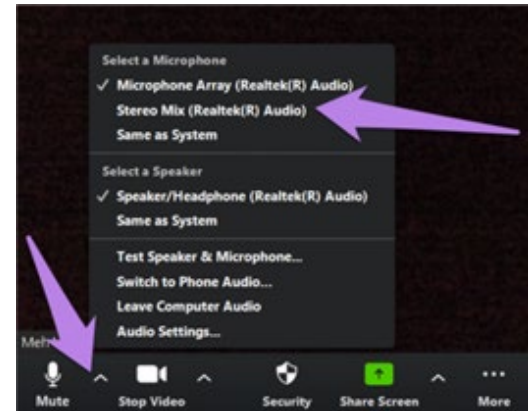


Hydrate Phoenix: Hydrate Your Soils

To connect with us best here on Zoom:

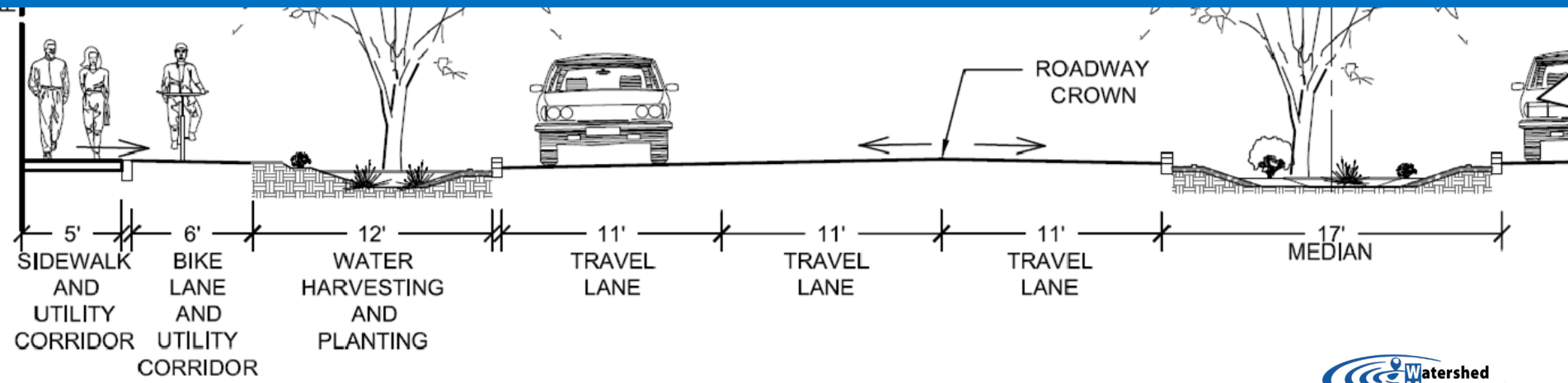
- Please keep yourself muted when not speaking.
- Check your audio settings to make sure your audio is working or switch to telephone audio (*Image to right*).
- Please use the chat feature to ask questions. There will be time at the end of class where the moderator will share these questions with the presenter



This event is supported by the City of Phoenix Water Services Department



Watershed Management Group develops and implements community-based solutions to ensure the long-term **prosperity of people** and **health of the environment**. We provide people with the knowledge, skills, and resources for sustainable livelihoods.



Desert Living Home Tour!

Saturday, October 23rd 10a.m. - 3p.m.

Virtual and In-Person

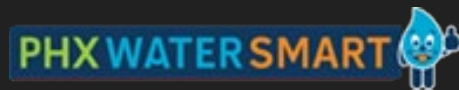
Registration Open

watershedmg.org/hometour





Let's turn waste into resources and build healthy soils!



Why do you care about soil?
or
What are you curious about?

Please share in the chat box.



Learning Objectives

The background of the slide is a photograph of a soil profile. At the top, there are several clumps of tall, dry, yellowish-brown grasses against a clear blue sky. Below the grasses, a layer of dark brown soil is visible, with many roots extending downwards. The soil below this layer is lighter brown and appears to be cracked and dry, showing a network of fine cracks across its surface.

- Identify how soils contribute to a healthy watershed
- Recognize soil characteristics
- Implement soil rebuilding practices

Healthy Soils

REDUCE

- Flooding
- Drought
- Fire

REBUILD

- Agricultural land
- Carbon Balance
- Self sustaining systems



What tools did you use to choose where to live?



Get crime, school & real estate reports for any address:

Enter any address, city or state

SCOUT NOW

Find neighborhoods that
best match your criteria
Try our [Advanced Search](#)

[Home](#) > [AZ](#) > [Scottsdale Real Estate](#) > Public School Ratings

SHARE:      

Scottsdale, AZ Public Schools

Save this place 

Send to a friend 

 See Homes for Sale Here ▶

OVERVIEW

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

APPRECIATION RATES

CRIME RATES

DATA | DESCRIPTION | FIND A REAL ESTATE AGENT

Best Scottsdale Neighborhoods for Education

- 1 Tortilla Flat / Horse Mesa
- 2 Desert Highlands
- 3 N Pima Rd / E Dynamite Blvd
- 4 E Carefree Hwy / Tom Darlington L
- 5 Reata Pass
- 6 Rio Verde
- 7 Scottsdale Rd / E Morning Vista Ln



Scottsdale Homes for Sale



FIND HOMES

Did you check out the neighborhood?



~Things To Do~

ARTS & CULTURE

DOWNTOWN PHOENIX

ENTERTAINMENT

GOLF

OUTDOOR ACTIVITIES

SHOPPING

SPAS & HEALTH

[Home](#) > [Things To Do](#) > [Member Details](#)

Phoenix Mountain Preserve

[SHARE](#) [Print](#) [Back to Previous Page](#) [Like](#) 17



1431 E. Dunlap Ave.
Phoenix, AZ 85020

[Map It](#)

Phone: 602 943-2656
[Visit website](#)

[+ My Trip Planner](#)

Phoenix Mountain Park and Recreation Area and Dreamy Draw Recreation Area is located just north of Glendale Ave and 24th Street in Phoenix. Although surrounded by civilization, Phoenix Mountain Park and Recreation

Did you consider quality of life aspects?



Did you consider curb appeal?

Soil Data Explorer

Download Soils Data

Shopping Cart (Free)

Area of Interest Interactive Map

Legend

View Extent Contiguous U.S.



Eastern Maricopa and Northern Pinal Counties Area, Arizona

LaA—Laveen loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1sp4
Elevation: 1,100 to 1,700 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 6 to 9 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 72 to 74 degrees F
Frost-free period: 240 to 300 days
Farmland classification: Prime farmland if irrigated

Map Unit Composition

Laveen and similar soils: 100 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Laveen

Setting

Landform: Alluvial fans, stream terraces
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 14 inches: loam
Bk - 14 to 60 inches: loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 1 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 35 percent
Salinity, maximum in profile: Very slightly saline to slightly saline (2.0 to 4.0 mmhos/cm)
Available water storage in profile: High (about 10.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 1
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7c
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Hydric soil rating: No

Research soil characteristics?

NRCS -- [HTTP://WEBSOILSURVEY.SC.EGOV.USDA.GOV](http://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov)

This man did!



Don Breckenfeld, Retired soil scientist – now urban farmer along the Santa Cruz River historic floodplain

Not just a home for microbes!



Most people don't...

However, there is hope to invest in your soil and begin the transformation



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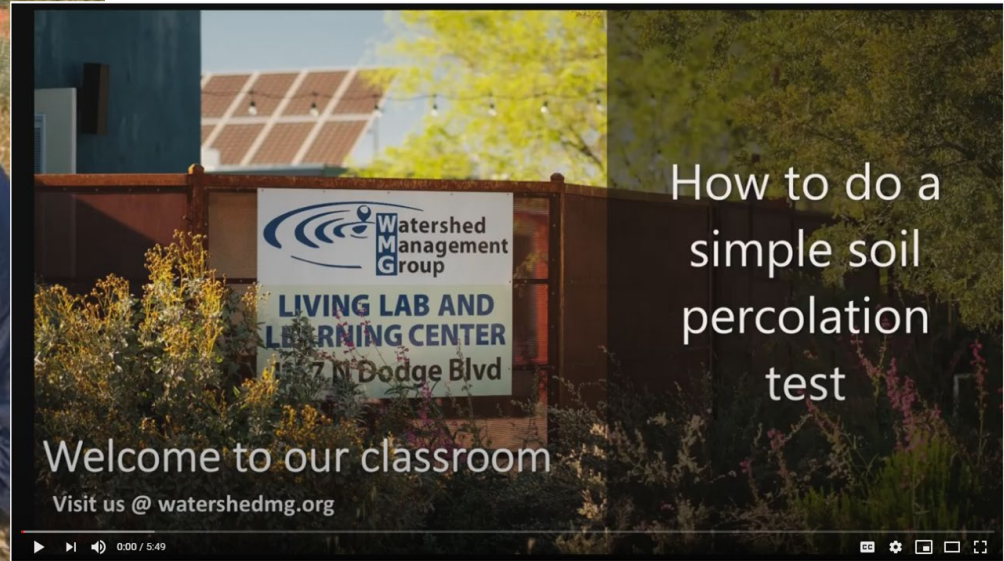
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NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY: [HTTP://WEBSOILSURVEY.SC.EGOV.USDA.GOV](http://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov)

Get to know your soils!



How to do a
simple soil
percolation
test

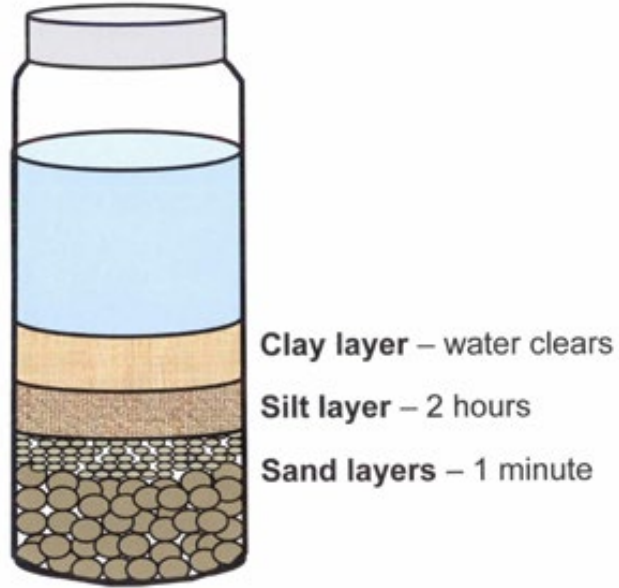
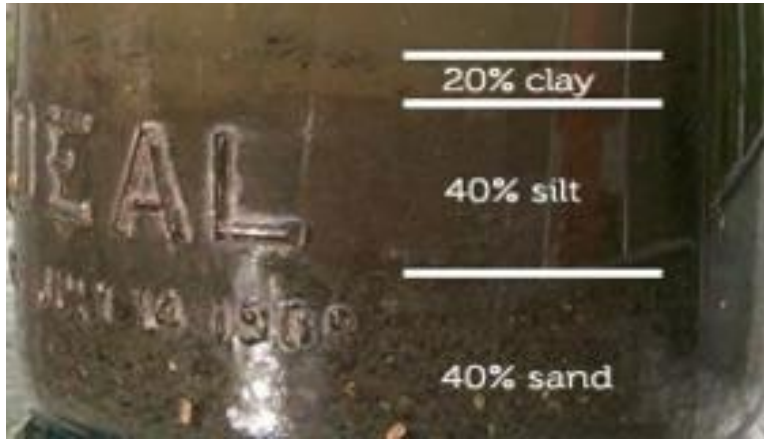


Image source: diy.org and ext.colostate.edu

Sample the soil texture?

Urban Desert Soils

- Top fill - post construction
 - Compacted
 - Generally Alkaline
 - Limited Organics
 - Caliche
-

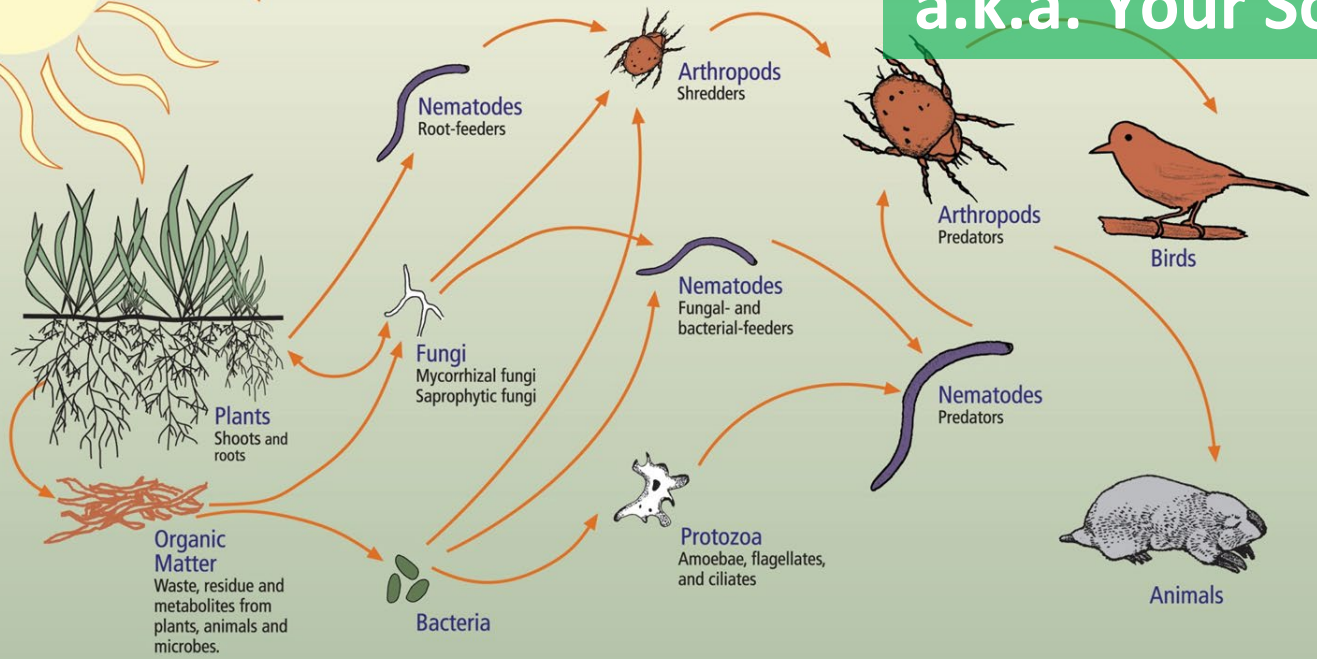




Water + Carbon (*Organic Material*) \rightarrow LIFE!

The Soil Food Web

a.k.a. Your Soil Neighborhood



First trophic level:
Photosynthesizers

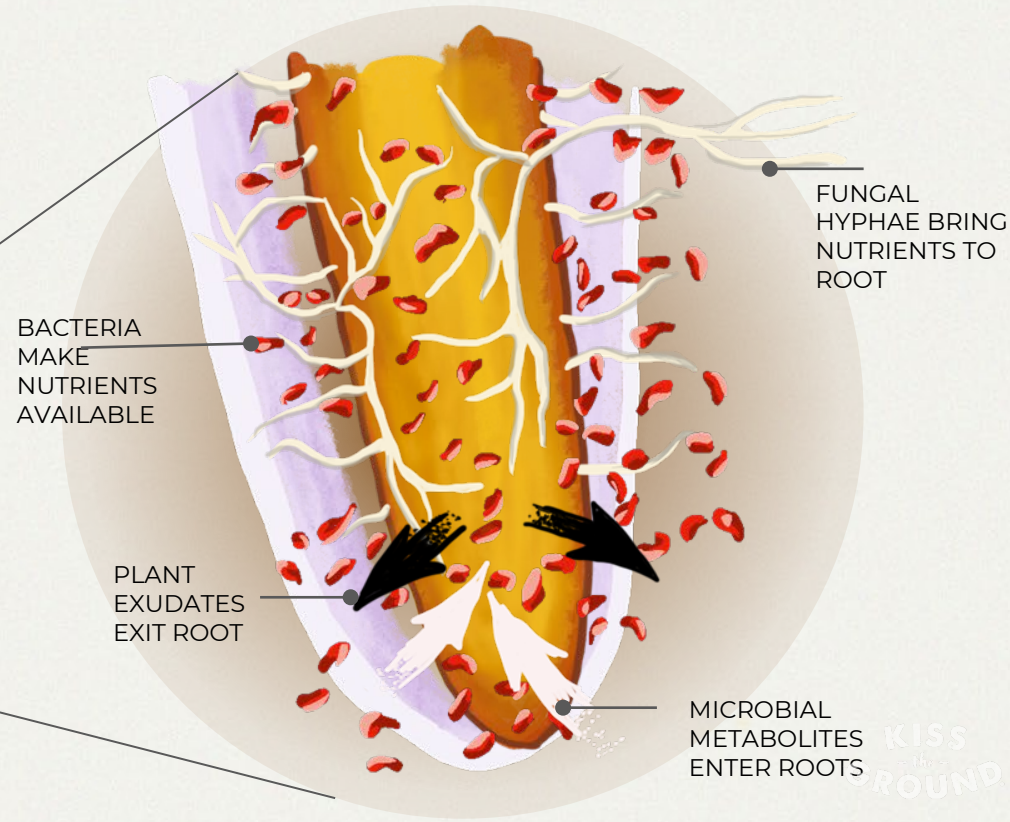
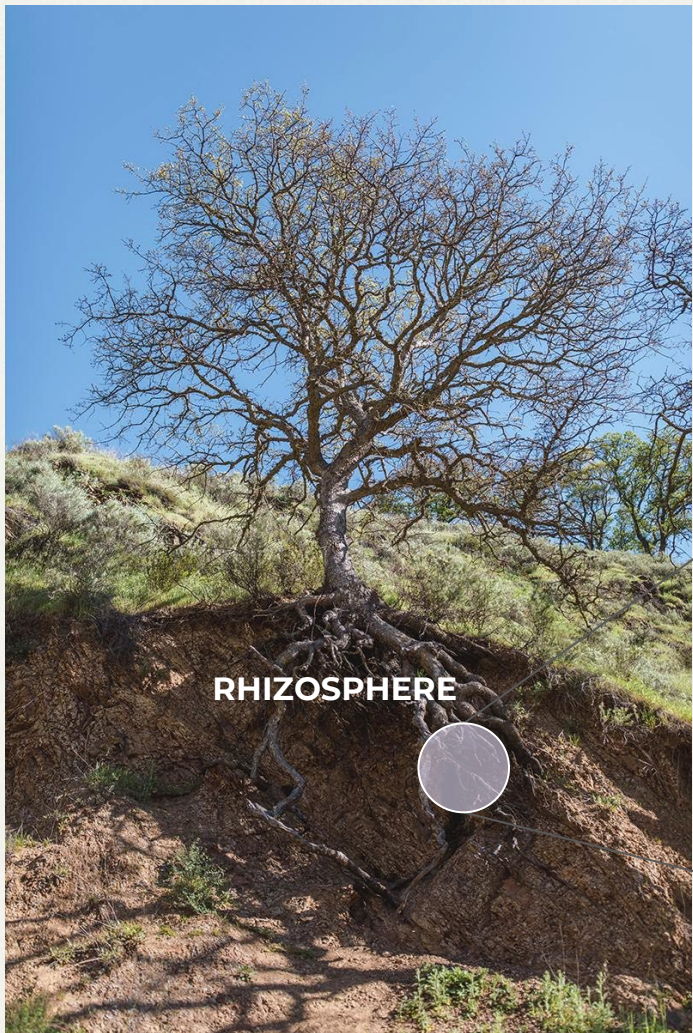
Second trophic level:
Decomposers
Mutualists
Pathogens, Parasites
Root-feeders

Third trophic level:
Shredders
Predators
Grazers

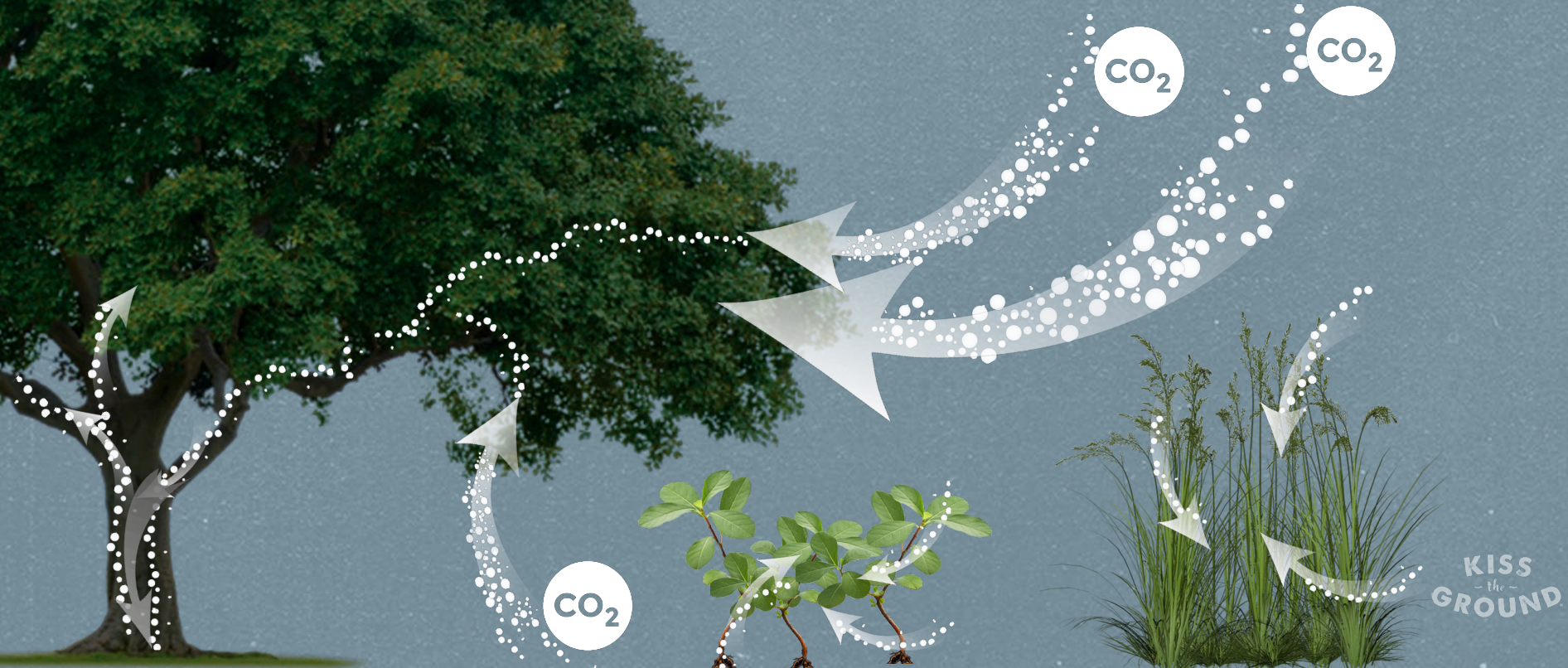
Fourth trophic level:
Higher level predators

Fifth and higher trophic levels:
Higher level predators

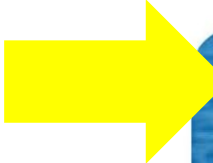
MOST PEOPLE THINK ROOTS JUST TAKE.
NOT TRUE.
ROOTS GIVE!



Sun energy combines **Carbon (C) from CO₂**
& Hydrogen + Oxygen From H₂O making
SUGAR, OXYGEN + WATER



KISS
-the-
GROUND



(1) Plant the Water:
Increase soil
moisture &
spark life

(2) Protect Soil:
Minimize erosion
& eliminate
chemicals

**(4) Plant Your
Ecosystem:**
Promote roots,
ground covers
& nitrogen fixers

**(3) Mix in
Organics:**
Put organics
in your yard,
not the landfill



Our typical starting point: Hot or flooded
Lack of integration with water and landscape
resources...

Plant the Rainwater



Basins Make a Difference!



Soil microbes and native plants LOVE stormwater

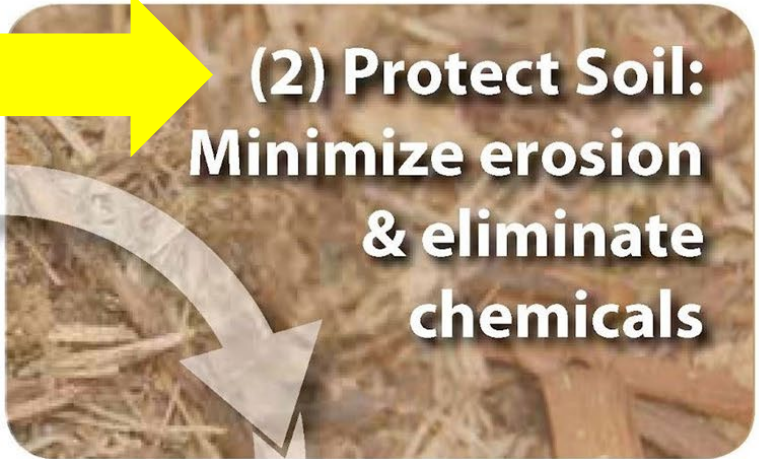




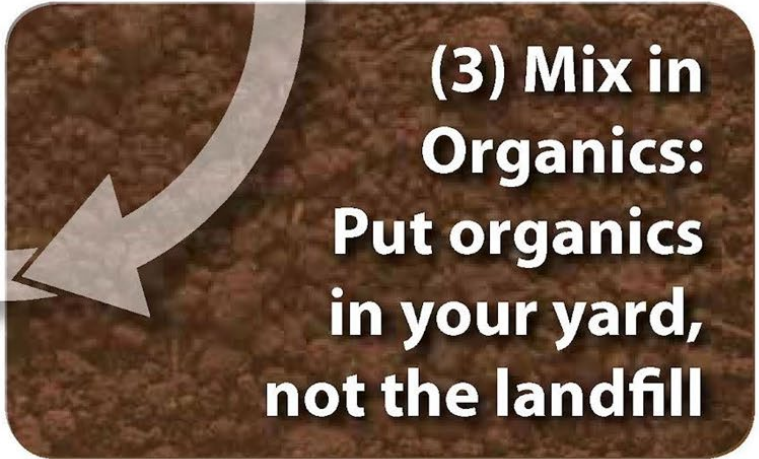
(1) Plant the Water:
Increase soil
moisture &
spark life



(2) Protect Soil:
Minimize erosion
& eliminate
chemicals



**(3) Mix in
Organics:**
Put organics
in your yard,
not the landfill



**(4) Plant Your
Ecosystem:**
Promote roots,
ground covers
& nitrogen fixers



A choice:

Resource Scarcity ? or **Resource Abundance**?






Images courtesy of Brad Lancaster, harvestingrainwater.com




Harvestingrainwater.com

Stop these soil degrading practices

(1) Plant the Water:
Increase soil
moisture &
spark life



(2) Protect Soil:
Minimize erosion
& eliminate
chemicals



**(4) Plant Your
Ecosystem:**
Promote roots,
ground covers
& nitrogen fixers



**(3) Mix in
Organics:**
Put organics
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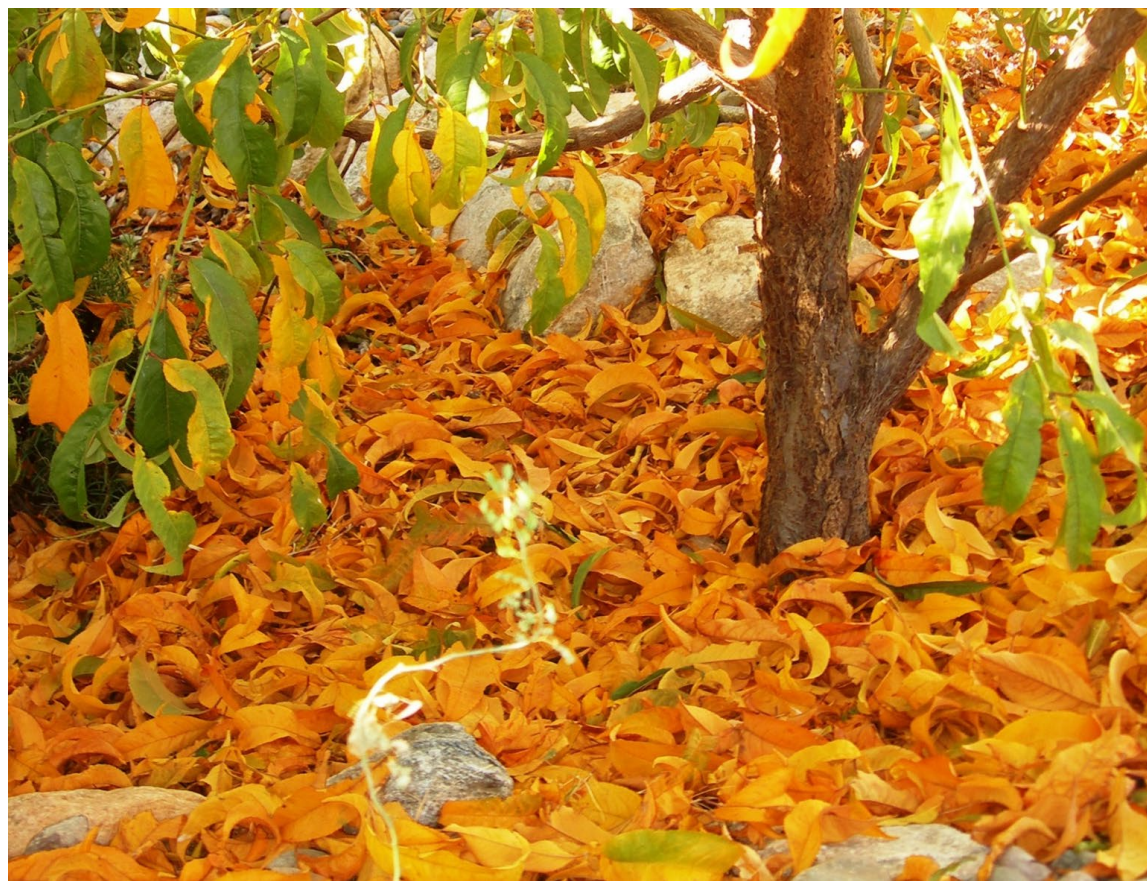
What resources do you produce to build your soil fertility?



List your resources:

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Chop and drop tree and shrub



Always Integrate Organic Material
– Prune, Mulch, and Harvest

Fresh Tree
Trimmings



Promote fungi for perennial plants



Integration of mulch into topsoil!



The shredders!



Promote bacteria for vegetables and annuals.

Mulch for Gardens

- Green plant clippings
- Alfalfa Hay
- Wait to mulch Seedlings until roots establish





Compost

Food scraps and smaller plant trimmings:

- Can provide residential needs for soil compost amendments
- Average person generates ~1.35 pounds of organic waste per day. That equals ~500 pounds per person every year!



Backyard
compost pile
integrated into
chicken coop

Hens hard at work



- Compost needs Water!
- Balance of Carbon Nitrogen (30:1)
- Time



Amazing compost for vegetables!





Now, Let's talk about manure!

Earthworm castings

Farm animal manures: horses, cows, goats, etc.

Chicken manure



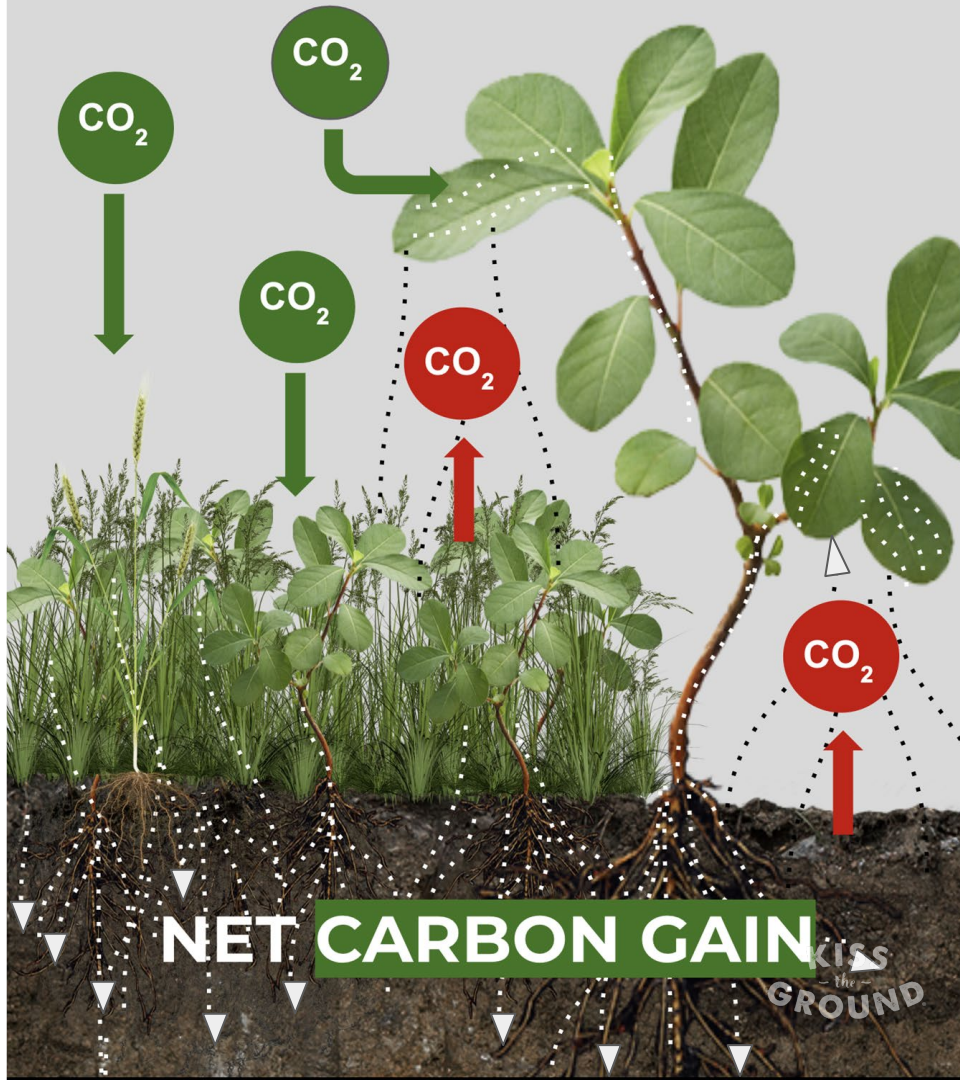
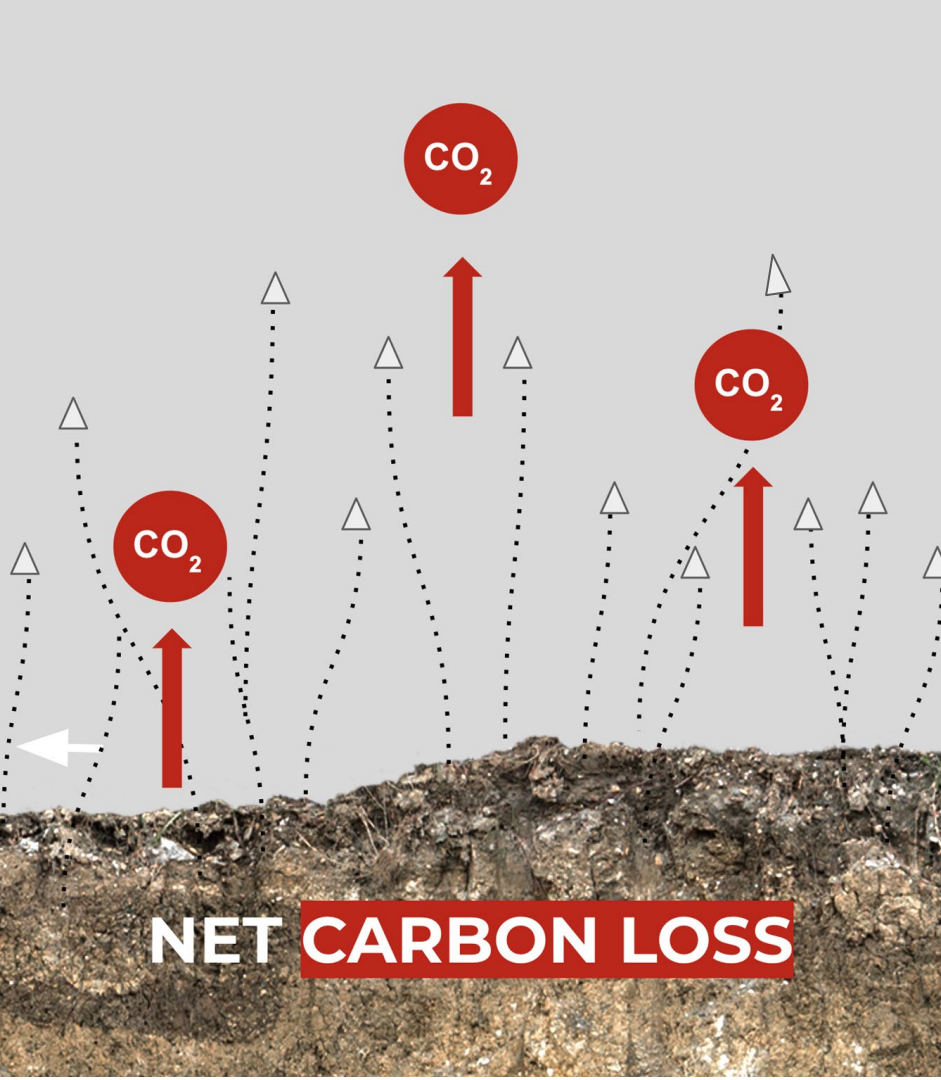
Instructions for Project review

What Soil Resources do you have?

- Review Soil Resources List, page 1 of handout

Soil Enhancement Planning

- Handout on page 1
- Areas
- Needs
- Best practices to employ





DEGENERATIVE



SUSTAINABLE



REGENERATIVE



Thank you!



Questions?

Charlie Alcorn | Watershed Management Group
calcorn@watershedmg.org
Phone: 520.396.3266 x3

